OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1747. [N°. 171.]

Heu! ſervi regnant, domini famulantur, aſelli
Ornantur phaleris, dephalerantur equi. LUCAN.

A COALITION of different Intereſts muſt of Courſe produce monſtrous Productions; it is a *Hydra* conſiſting of various ill connected Parts, and tho' they may multiply for a Time by Amputation, yet they cannot withſtand *cruſhing* from the Club of *Hercules* in the End. Our *Coalition* of Party-Chiefs, is an exact Symbol of the terrible Serpent in the Fens of *Lerma*, and partakes of its poiſonous Qualities, infecting the wholeſome Air of our Conſtitution, and diffuſing Terror and Deſtruction to all around: But 'tis hop'd we ſhall not want a Hero to wield the Club of Virtue in our Defence, and ſet the Nation free from the baleful Influence of this terrible Prodigy of Iniquity, ſo ominous to our Liberty! ſo dangerous to our Rights and Privileges! and ſo deſtructive of every Public Good! a Power notoriouſly founded upon private Views, at the Expence of the Sceptre and the People; as it is ſtolen from both, and erects a kind of Buttreſs between them to play upon either, at the Pleaſure of the Engineer of Corruption and Violence; who perhaps when he has deſtroy'd both, may, like *Kouli Kan*, caſt off the Implements of his Exaltation, and look wiſhfully after Royal Tyranny.

Coalitions are ever portentive of Evil to a State, and may be look'd upon to conſiſt of a Set of Conſpirators againſt it. They are the more noxious as their Views are various, yet, tho' the Self predominates in each Particular, they all join in the common Cauſe of keeping up their joint Power. The *Roman Decemviri*, infamous to Poſterity for their Breach of Truſt! often quarrell'd, and ſometimes came to Blows among themſelves, but united their ill-gotten Power againſt every virtuous Effort that was made to wreſt it from their Hands, and reſtore the Conſtitution.

The firſt *Roman Triumvirate* of *Pompey*, *Cæſar*, and *Craſſus*, was a *Coalition* deſtructive of the Liberty of the People, to reconcile different private Intereſts; but was ſo ill cemented that the Conſtituents became ſoon diſconcerted, and involv'd all the vaſt Dominions of the Republic in their Quarrels, which ended in the general Loſs of Liberty and Public Virtue. Had the *Romans* conſider'd theſe three ambitious Chiefs in the Light they ought, the firſt had not fallen by the Hands of an *Egyptian* Slave, nor the ſecond by a Conſpiracy in the Senate-Houſe, nor the third a Sacrifice to immoderate Avarice in *Parthia*; but they had all fallen by the Hand of Public Juſtice, as *Cataline* had before them, who was in no wiſe more criminal than they, nor his Views perhaps leſs virtuous than either of theirs; he was only diſtinguiſh'd from them by being leſs fortunate in his Attempt.

Had the firſt *Triumvirate* been thus puniſh'd, we ſhould never have heard of the laſt, which was alſo a ſcandalous Coalition of different Parties, after they had vehemently declaim'd and fought againſt one another. How the Liberty, Property, and Lives of the *Roman* People, were ſacrificed to gratify the repugnant Intereſts, Ambition and Revenge of thoſe three Butchers, their black Proſcription marks out to the View, the Conſideration, and the Abhorrence of Poſterity: The Friends of Virtue and the Public were firſt caſt into the Lot of Perdition, by the united Voice of the Three; who next made a Point of giving up their reſpective Friends and Relations to the Sword, even thoſe very Friends who had ſupported them in their iniquitous Ambition, and rais'd them to the lawleſs Power of proſcribing them: Juſt Retribution of Heaven for ſupporting Uſurpers againſt the legal Authority of their Conſtitution and Government! may it be the Fate of all thoſe who give a helping Hand to all Uſurpers of Power and Dominion over their Fellow-Subjects, whether diſtinguiſh'd by the Apellation of *Triumvirate*, *Coalition*, Conſpirators, or otherwiſe.

A remarkable Inſtance of the divine Vengeance appear'd in the Cataſtrophe of *Buckingham*, in the Reign of *Richard* the Third; who was at the Head of the *Coalition* in thoſe Days, *for breaking through the Line of Succeſſion*, and raiſing that wicked Monarch to the Throne, by whoſe Tyranny he afterwards fell himſelf.

The *Coalition* founded by the great Earl of *Northumberland*, to favour the Uſurpation of *Bullinbroke*, afterwards *Henry* the Fourth, was ſeverely puniſh'd in his Family by the Hands of that imprudent and moſt ungrateful Prince.

The Families of the hardy *Warwick*, ſurnamed the *King-Maker*, and his Aſſociates, were ruined by the perfidious *Edward* IV. who, from a Subject, they had rais'd to the Throne againſt the eſtabliſh'd Government of *Henry* the Sixth.

I mention theſe Inſtances as Judgments of Heaven upon thoſe who conſpire or *coalize* againſt their Sovereign and Country, in Oppoſition to the Prerogative of the one and the Liberties of the other; which are ever in Danger from the unnatural Conjunction of Party-Chiefs of various Denominations.

In all former Coalitions we ſeldom read of more than two Parties, and thoſe never very hearty in their Union; but, like two Streams at their Conflux, firſt reverberated and then ſeem'd to carry a kind of Partition along with them, in the Courſe of their Meaſures, for a conſiderable Time before they intermingled Intereſts ſo as to flow in one Body: But ſurely a *Coalition*, form'd of ſo many repugnant Parts, of *Whig*, of *Tory*, of *Republican*, *Jacobite*, and *Jew*, was never heard of till in theſe our latter Days; ſo productive of Monſters in Politics, and extraordinary Events in the State! How much the Public Good is abſorb'd in the private Views of a certain *Coalition*, is but too evident to Obſervation: It was founded in an iniquitous Luſt of Power, derogatory of the Honour of the Throne, and injurious to the common Good of the Nation. Lying and Defamation produc'd it, ſet a foot and ſpread about firſt in Whiſpers, by the little Hirelings of Corruption, and then in loud Invectives from the foul Mouths of the avow'd Patrons of it, in the Face of Authority. A Revolution enſued in the Miniſtry, and low ſuperficial Cunning triumph'd over the Depth of Wiſdom and Height of Ability; inſomuch, that all fell into Anarchy and Confuſion again; for though the Way to Honour and Glory were mark'd out diſtinctly to them, yet could they not direct their Steps ſteadily in it; Fear and Puſillanimity overtook them from behind, and dangerous Precipices roſe up dreadfully before to intercept their Courſe; a Molehill ſwell'd into a Mountain, and little Brooks into ſo many Oceans. In ſhort, tho' they got the mighty Bow of *Alcides*, their united Force could not draw it; and his Lion-Skin was ſo far from being terrible upon them, that it could not conceal the Form of a more patient Animal in the Diſguiſe, from the Eyes of the Enemy; who have ſo mock'd us, revil'd, inſulted, and beaten us ever ſince, both in the Cabinet and in the Field, that we are become a Proverb of Contempt in their Mouths, and among all the Nations round about us.

It is worth while to conſider the Conduct and Moderation of the great Miniſtry, which the little pitiful Artifice of the *Coalition* ſuperſeded. It is notorious they were poſſeſs'd, in an ample Manner, of the Ear and good Opinion of their Sovereign, and conſequently it would have been no difficult Matter to have engaged his Prerogative and Power on their Side, by diſſolving the P——t, and ſo put an End to the Hopes and Practices of the *Cabal* at their firſt ſetting out; and well had it been for the Nation, and the Honour of that Body, if it had been done, ſince ſome among them is known to have been *too haſily dealt with*, at that fatal Period of Time: But the great Genius of the State at that Time, and his Coadjutors in Power, were too tender of the Honour of the Throne and the Conſtitution of their Country, to violate them in the Prolongation of their own Authority: They were ſo far from being fond of Power and the high Stations they honour'd, when they could no longer ſerve their King and Country without the Interruption of *Impertinents*, that it was with Difficulty they prevail'd on their Royal Maſter to give Way to the Iniquity of the Times, and ſuffer them to withdraw, as their Continuance in Power might interrupt the Meaſures they had concerted for the Public Good, by continual Jars in his Councils from a Cabal determined to govern at all Events, or overthrow all before them.

Now let us turn the Leaf, and ſee the Behaviour of the *Coalition* on a diſtant Apprehenſion of loſing their uſurp'd Power: Conſcious that their own Inſ——cy and Miſmanagement at home and abroad, their Peculation, and their audacious Inſults wherewith they treated their injur'd *Maſter*, his Conduct, his Country, and his Family, had render'd them obnoxious to the Indignation and Contempt of their Fellow-Subjects, and that conſequently their Power would ceaſe on the Cloſe of the P——t, they reſolv'd, like Thieves in the Night, to come upon us unawares and ſteal an Election; ſo that after they had concerted their Meaſures, and made the utmoſt of the Seſſions in Being towards raiſing exorbitant Sums of Money by the moſt grievous Taxes, they heſitated not a Moment to ſtrike at the very Vitals of the Conſtitution, firſt by diſſolving the P—— t; and then by rapidly ſcattering about the immenſe Produce of the Taxes they had ſo impoſ'd and rais'd upon the People, in debauching their Principles, and buying up proper Conſtituents for the next ——. It is no Secret that the Agents of Corruption had unlimited Power to draw for whatever Sums they pleas'd, and that the ineffectual Endeavours of ſupporting the ſingle Intereſt of old *Jacobus* alone coſt above 30000 *l.* and yet they miſs'd of above half their Purpoſe, ſo gloriouſly obſtinate was the Virtue of his *former Acquaintance* in the Cauſe of Liberty, which he had meanly deſerted for a Station conferr'd generally on an *Inſignificant*.

The ſame laudable Spirit had been ſhewn through the whole Nation, had they not been ſurpriz'd and trick'd into a haſty E——: Yet, with all the Advantage they propoſ'd to themſelves from it, they did not care to truſt merely to the Power of their *Fund*, but back'd it with their *perſonal Appearance*, which is an Act as unconſtitutional as that of *diſſolving*. We find the *Two Brothers*, at the very melancholy Juncture that we were *beaten* in *Flanders*,

neglect their reſpective Poſts, and the Buſineſs of the Nation, to ſet up their Mountebank Stage of E——, in Favour of their Jack-Pudding *Merry Andrew*, their Vehicle or rather their *Scavenger of Scandal*, this Outcaſt of his Family and Name; who, to ſhew a generous Deteſtation of his diſloyal Invectives againſt Authority, his venal Proſtitution and *occaſional Conformity*, renounced, diſclaimed, and diſcarded him. 'Twas a glorious Action, and approaching near to that of the elder *Brutus* upon his degenerate Sons: It will effectually wipe off the Infamy he had like to have brought upon the Name, and confine it ſolely to his own Perſon.—But tho' proſcrib'd by the Virtue and Merit of his Family, the Patrons of Corruption took this vagrant *Orator* into Protection, and were not aſham'd to ſupport him in the Face of the Sun, againſt the Rights and Liberties of the People, and at the People's Expence: in order to entertain the World, upon their next Winter's Stage, with the Virtues of Dr. HENRY's *diſſolving* Specific, and TUMBLING TOM's Anti-Royal Spirit of Elaſticity; the *Raw-Head and Bloody-Bones* of War, and the Glory of being *beaten* into a Chriſtian Peace.

It is too recent in Memory to mention that Preparatory to their laſt *Coup d'Etat*; they ſtoop'd ſo low as to *engage* every little venal Mouth within Doors in their Party, into-much that there was not a beardleſs Youth, or Toupee-Fly that could ſting a little, but what was either *poſted*, *penſioned*, or *commiſſioned*, at ſome *Board*, in ſome Office, or on ſome Liſt, in order to aſſiſt in keeping Poſſeſſion of all the lucrative Places under the C——n, in trifling, inſufficient, and inſignificant Hands on one Side, to perpetuate their own ill-acquir'd Power, in Excluſion of Merit, good Senſe, and Experience on the other, to the irreparable Damage and Diſhonour of the Nation. Theſe are the Effects of the *Coalition*, which, like an Impoſtume or Collection of Humours, ſwell, agitate, and ferment into a dangerous Protuberance that increaſes every Day, and calls aloud for Inciſion from the ſkillful Hand and Experience of ſome State-Surgeon, before it throws the Body-Politic into a Fever, or convulſive Pangs, beyond the Reach of Art to retrieve.

N. B. *The Turnpike-Parſon is beneath the Conſideration of this Paper, and conſequently of our ingenious Correſpondent.*

LONDON.

Thurſday an Expreſs arrived from Fluſhing, which we hear brings an Account that the French having made a general Aſſault againſt Bergen-op-zoom, were not only repulſed, but were driven from the Lodgment they had made in their former Attack; and that this Affair has coſt them a great Number of Men.

We are informed, that his Grace the Duke of Gordon, Right Hon. Earl of Rothes, Right Hon. Earl of Lauderle, Right Hon. Earl of Leven, and Right Hon. Earl of Aberdeen, are choſen of the Sixteen Peers for Scotland, in the room of the Right. Hon. Earl of Portmore, Right Hon. Earl of Brodalbin, Right. Hon. Earl of Sutherland, Right Hon. Lord Somerville, and Right Hon. the Earl of Stair.

His Majeſty having expreſs'd a Deſire of ſeeing Capt. St. George, Commander of the Invincible Man of War, (lately taken from the French by Lord Anſon, and Sir Peter Warren) who is reckoned to be as complete a Gentleman as the preſent Age affords, and who ventur'd his whole private Fortune on board the ſaid Ship, he was introduced by Lord Anſon to his Majeſty on Tueſday laſt at Kenſington; and we hear he will very ſoon return to France.

Tueſday William Stewart, Eſq; Bailiff of the Borough of Southwark, declar'd Alexander Hume and William Belchier, Eſqrs. to be duly elected Burgeſſes to ſerve in the enſuing Parliament for the ſaid Borough; the Number upon the Poll are as follows:

For Alexander Hume, Eſq;	1158
Sir James Creed, Knt.	778
William Belchier, Eſq;	831

The Numbers upon the Scrutiny between Sir James Creed, Knt. and William Belchier, Eſq; are

For Sir James Creed, Knt.	740
William Belchier, Eſq;	801

The Number of Objections againſt Mr. Belchier's Votes are 142. Objections againſt Sir James Creed's 131.

The Hon. Col. Thomas, Governor of Penſylvania, is arrived from that Province in the Greyhound, Capt. Budden, who came under Convoy of the Folkſtone.

We hear that by the Death of Sir Robert Worſley, an Eſtate of 5000l. a Year, comes to the Right Hon. the Earl of Granville, and about 4000l. a Year, to the Right Hon. the Lord Carteret, his Son.

By a Letter from Leghorn there is an Account of the Death of Mr. Brooks, an eminent Engliſh Merchant, who has reſided there a great many Years.

Yeſterday 7-Night died at Twickenham in Surry, Mr. Abraham Spencer, a Gardener, occaſioned by the Bite of his Dog about ſix Months ago, which proved to be mad. The Diſtemper was ſo deſperate, that he was obliged to be tied to his Bed: He lay in the greateſt Agonies for ſeveral Days before he expired.

Laſt Week an eminent Quaker, who lived in Tukey-ſtreet, Enfield, but lately deceaſed, was buried according to his Will in his own Garden, which he had taken great Pains to lay out in an elegant Taſte, and where it is ſuppos'd he had buried a great deal of Money.

Monday Mr. John Armſtrong, a young Gentleman belonging to the Law, attempting to ſwim in the River near Batterſea, was drowned, before any body could aſſiſt him.

On Sunday Evening a Boat, that had been to Dartford in Kent with Company, was overſet near the Galleons; by which Accident three Perſons, who had been out for Pleaſure, were drown'd.

Monday in the Afternoon an unhappy Accident happened at Cobham in Surry, where a Gardener belonging to Mr. Lardington being mowing a Graſs-Plat, a Companion of his ſtanding too near him, had his Leg almoſt cut off by the Scythe, and is ſince dead with the Agony.

Laſt Saturday Morning about Four o'Clock a Fire broke out in the Dwelling-houſe of Mr. Hallam, a Tanner, at Edgworth in Eſſex, which in a few Hours burnt the Houſe to the Ground, with all the Furniture, and the Family with great Difficulty eſcaped with their Lives.

Wedneſday Morning an unhappy Accident happened at the End of Pope's Head Alley, Lombard-Street; where a Carman had beat down a Pail of Milk, for which the Milkman demanded Satisfaction, and collar'd the Carman; but while they were diſputing about it, the Horſes in the Cart, as the Carman had let go the Halter, took Fright, and one of the Wheels running againſt the Milkman, ſqueez'd him in ſo terrible a Manner againſt a Poſt, as killed him on the Spot. The Carman was directly ſecur'd, and carry'd before Sir Robert Ladbroke, who, after Examination, committed him to the Compter.

We hear that a Party of General Hawley's Dragoons having been ordered on Saturday laſt to go in queſt of the Smugglers near Hawkhurſt, a Number of thoſe Villains concealed themſelves in a Wood, and fired on the Dragoons, by which four were killed, and ſome wounded. The Commanding Officer being acquainted thereof, immediately ſent Orders to Brighthelmſtone, and other Places where the Regiment is quarter'd, to aſſemble a Body of 100 Men, who are gone in queſt of the Gang; who are got to ſuch a Head, that it may not be improperly call'd a Kind of Rebellion.

On Sunday laſt the Perſon that was lately committed to Newgate, for robbing the Courier that brought Advice of the Victory gained by the Allies in Italy, was removed by Habeas Corpus to Chelmsford Jail, in order to take his Trial at the Aſſizes for the County of Eſſex. And

On Monday Morning one Keys, a noted Highwayman of Bellericay, was alſo apprehended on Galloway Common, and carried to the ſame Jail, in order to be tried at the Aſſizes before-mentioned, which began on Wedneſday.

Wedneſday a Perſon belonging to the Six Clerks Office was committed to Wood-ſtreet Compter, by Sir Robert Ladbroke, on a violent Suſpicion of felonioufly ſtealing divers Records belonging to the High Court of Chancery out of the ſaid Office, ſeveral of which were found in his Cuſtody.

Within theſe few Days ſeveral Perſons have been robb'd by a Gang of Fellows in and about Spitalfields; and laſt Night they attack'd a Gentleman and his Wife in Bricklane, and took from them a Silver Watch, and their Money.

The Sickneſs which has been ſo fatal to the Horned Cattle ſome Time paſt, in moſt Parts of England, eſpecially about this City, is ſo far from being over, that on Thurſday laſt ſeveral Cows were buried in a Pit near Black-Mary's Hole, which have died ſince Tueſday Morning.

Monday in the Afternoon an Expreſs arriv'd at the Admiralty-Office from Sir Peter Warren, who arrived with part of the Fleet at Plymouth on Saturday laſt, in order to victual, and go out again in a few Days. On the 7th of July the ſaid Admiral took off Cape Finiſterre the Thomas and Mary, a Spaniſh Packet Boat, bound from the Groyne to the Havanna. On the 8th he drove aſhore a French Frigate, about 8 Leagues to the Weſtward of Cape Pimas, where ſhe was ſet on Fire, and entirely conſumed by her Company: Our Captains, who were the neareſt, believe her to be a 40 Gun Ship. On the 27th he took the St. Antonio, a French outward-bound Eaſt-India Ship of 500 Tons, with 100 Men, and 16 Guns mounted, laden with Proviſions and Stores, for the French Eaſt-India Settlements. The Packet and St. Antonio are both brought into Plymouth.

There is an Account from New York, that upwards of thirty Prizes have been taken by the Greyhound, Capt. Jeffrey, and the Seymour, both Privateers of that Place: As the Greyhound was conducting four of the above Prizes to New-York, laden with Indigo, Sugar, and other Goods, ſhe was attacked by a French Man of War of 44 Guns, and taken; and afterwards meeting with Sir Peter Warren's Squadron, they were both burnt; and on Saturday Capt. Jeffrey, Commander of the Greyhound, came to Town.

Admiral Boſcawen is to have ten Ships under his Command, and 3000 Marines on board, and to ſail to the Eaſt-Indies, for the Security of our Settlements in thoſe Parts

The Eaſt-India Company have agreed to ſend 300 Soldiers with their Fleet, which will conſiſt of 15 Sail, under the Convoy of Admiral Boſcawen

We have Advice, that ſince the Arrival of Commodore Legge's Squadron in the Weſt Indies, they have been very ſucceſsful, having taken a great Number of Prizes; eight of them were carried into St. Kitt's; and that a Flag of Truce from Martinico was arrived, with thirty Maſters of Veſſels, that in a very ſhort Time had been taken to Windward of the Iſland of Barbados; the new Governor of the latter being arriv'd, has ſince ſent out Ships on a Cruize, and by that Means ſeveral Ships have got in, and by them they give an Account, that there are no Privateers on the Coaſt.

A large Brig belonging to Providence in New-England, having on board 170 Hogſheads of Molaſſes, arriv'd at Cape Ann in that Province from the Weſt-Indies. She had been taken by the famous Don Pedro, who put nine Spaniards on board to look after three or four of the People belonging to the Veſſel, and to carry her to the Havanna; but there being no Artiſt among them, and meeting with bad Weather, they were ſo long at Sea, that they were in great Danger of periſhing with Hunger, which obliged the Spaniards to conſent that their Priſoners ſhould carry them to ſome Engliſh Port, which happened to be Cape Ann.

LIST of Officers belonging to the Iriſh Brigade in the French Service, kill'd at the Battle of Val, ſent from an Officer in that Brigade to his Friend in Dublin.

Bulkeley's Regiment. Captains Kennedy, M'Cartie; Lieutenants Magennis, Lee, Woolcocks, M'Carty, Geraldine.

Clare's. Captains Grant, C. O Brian; Lieutenants Brideman, Moor, Wall. Wounded 30 Officers.

Dillon's. Col. Dillon wounded, taken Priſoner, releas'd; and died at Maeſtricht. Capt. Bourke, called Prime; Lieutenants Lewis, Nihil and Carroll.

Lilly's. None.

Routh's. Captains Wiwill, Mac Colliot.

Bourke's. Capt. C. Hagarty, and Lieut. Laffin.

Total 22 Officers kill'd, beſides Col. Dillon; and 72 wounded. Soldiers kill'd and wounded 2573.

The Genoeſe have ordered a ſolemn Proceſſion to the Honour of the Holy Virgin, for the powerful Protection ſhe has granted them during the late Siege, by Way of Thankſgiving; and alſo of Supplication that ſhe would not abandon them for the future, in Caſe of new Troubles.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, Auguſt 1. The dreadful Fire which happened at Honiton run with ſuch Fury, that in about four Hours it paſſed over 3560 Feet in Front, containing about 170 Dwellings, beſides Out-houſes, &c. The Loſs ſuſtained, at a moderate Computation, amounts to 43,600 l. and upwards.

Oxford, Auguſt 1. On Wedneſday Lord Chief Baron Parker and Mr. Juſtice Abney arrived here, and opened his Majeſty's Commiſſion for holding the Aſſizes for this County; and Yeſterday the Aſſizes ended, which proved a Maiden one.

A Bill of Indictment was preferr'd againſt ſome young Gentlemen for the Death of William Franklin, in April laſt, and upon a full Examination of ten Witneſſes, which laſted ſome Hours, the Grand Jury (which was compoſed of ſeveral of the principal Gentlemen of the County) unanimouſly agreed not to find the Bill.

Newcaſtle, Auguſt 1. We have it from undoubted Authority, that the Story the Publick have been lately amuſed with, of Moſs's Daughter (at Aſtonby in Cumberland) having lived for ſeveral Months without Meat, is entirely falſe, and an artful Contrivance of the indigent Parents to impoſe on the Publick, by getting Money from the Curious for ſeeing her. They even carried the Cheat ſo far as to take a Room for her at Carliſle, and make every Body pay that was admitted to ſee her; but ſome incredulous Perſons having offered any Wager they would faſt as long as ſhe could, the Parents thought proper to return Home, where ſhe now eats her Meat as heartily as any Body, and the old People are univerſally diſpiſed by the Country.

Goſport, Auguſt 1. On Thurſday Evening a Wherry coming from the Point to this Town, (in which were the Collector of the Exciſe for this County, his Clerk, two Journeymen Carpenters, the Waterman and his Boy, with ſome Cabinet-Makers Goods, which the Collector had bought at a Sale at Portſmouth) run foul of a Hawſer and overſet, by which Accident one Thomas Booker a Journeyman Carpenter of this Town, was drown'd; and it was with the greateſt Difficulty the others were ſav'd. The Collector and the Waterman are both dangerouſly indiſpoſed.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, July 30. Laſt Tueſday died in an advanced Age Mr James Baille, of Hardington, Writer to the Signet; a Gentleman eminent for his Knowledge and Integrity in Buſineſs. He was admitted Writer to his Majeſty's Signet Anno 1694.

Glaſgow, July 31. Yeſterday the Sally, M'Lauchlan, arrived at Greenwich from Jamaica, by whom we have Letters of the 11th of May, adviſing, that the Fleet from England was arrived there; alſo, that Commodore Mitchell, with one 80, one 70, three 60, and one 20 Gun Ship, ſailed the 10th on a Cruize; That the Trade for England, of which the Sally was one, would ſail in a Day or two under Convoy of a 20 Gun Ship, which was judged ſufficient, as the Commodore would clear the Paſſage.

Extract of a Letter from the Shire of Sutherland, July 16. "A Sea Fight happened this Day and Yeſterday on this Frith. An Engliſh 20 Gun Ship called the Experiment chaced in here a ſmall French Privateer; the 20 Gun Ship could not follow beyond Dornoch, and the Privateer run up the Frith betwixt Tain and Dornoch. There was in Company with the Man of War a Leith Merchant Ship, mounting 10 Guns, which they manned with forty Marines, and ſent up the Frith after the Privateer. They fought reſolutely for a whole Hour, and we, who were Spectators, judged the French had the better of it. But the Privateer was Landlocked, and a Number of the People of Sutherland aſſembled in Arms to prevent their taking their Eſcape by Land, they were obliged to ſurrender to the Man of War."

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Hague, Auguſt 8. They write from Bruſſels, by Yeſterday's Letters, that 1200 Waggons laden with Meal, and eſcorted by 3000 Horſe and Foot, paſſed through there from France, for the uſe of the Army; and that a great Number of Carts, laden with Pebbles, were ſent from that Town to the Camp before Bergen-op-zoom. Count Clermont was to be detached thither with his Corps from the French Army, which it was ſuppos'd would decamp very ſoon, by Reaſon of the Scarcity of Forage. M. Belleiſle was marching back into Provence; the Hoſpital of his Army was already eſtabliſhed at Graſſe, where the Head Quarters were to be; and his Cavalry had already repaſſed the Var. The ſeveral Towns and Diſtricts in Provence were obliged to furniſh Proviſions and Forage, each according to their Abilities. The Spaniſh Troops were ſaid to have declined acting any farther with the French without expreſs Orders.

Lieutenant Col. Yorke was detached laſt Week with Letters from his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, to his Serene Highneſs the Prince Stadtholder, and with Orders to go to Bergen-op-zoom to ſee the real State of the Siege, and of that Place, from whence he returned laſt Sunday Morning, and ſet out again the next Day for the Grand Army. By him we learn, that the Enemy loſe a great many Men before the Town; and that four Volunteers had carried a Couple of Bombs over the Glacis, and rolled them down into the Enemy's Sap at the Baſtion of Cohorn, from whence ſome few Men came running out; and as Part of the Top flew up, and the Gabions were ſeen burning very faſt, it was ſuppoſed they had done good Service; twelve Men with Granades ſuſtained the ſaid Volunteers, and none received any Hurt.

Hague, Auguſt 11. *N. S.* The Earl of Sandwich arrived here laſt Tueſday Night. Yeſterday was the Day intended for attacking, on all Sides, the Body of Troops under the Command of Count Lowendhal; and accordingly the Attack began at Seven o'Clock in the Morning, by the Village of Wou; but the Enemy were ſo ſtrongly intrenched, that after a few Skirmiſhes, in which the Allies loſt about 80 Men, it was thought proper to deſiſt, and to return to their Camp, where they arrived again before Nine o'Clock. We ſince hear, that ſix Battalions were ordered immediately to reinforce the Garriſon of Bergen-op-zoom, and that M. Baroniai, with a Body of 5000 Regulars, is Detached from the Grand Army, and will come up in a Day or two with the Troops under General Schwartzenberg. The French have likewiſe detached from their main Army M. de l'Argentieres, with a Body of about 10,000 Men, to reinforce M. de Lowendhal. We hear from Bergen-op-zoom, that notwithſtanding the repulſe and Loſs the French met with in the Attack of laſt Saturday, they ſtill found Means to make a Lodgment in the Covert-Way, where they have maintained themſelves ever ſince. M. de Boetſelaer landed the Day before Yeſterday at Rotterdam.

Rotterdam, Auguſt 11. *N. S.* Our Accounts from Bergen-op-zoom are various To-day: By the Letters from thence dated Yeſterday Noon, it ſeems that the French have not been diſlodg'd from the Poſt that they had taken: A Mine ſprung by the Beſieged the 8th had a very great Effect, but ſtill the French continue to advance. The French Lodgment is near the Baſtion of Zealand, which is as Work detached from the Town.

ITALY.

Leghorn, July 11, *O. S.* Col Rivarola is taking proper Precautions to prevent his being diſlodged from Baſtia, and he has ſent ſeveral Families that he miſtruſted out of the Town.

Seventeen Genoeſe Families which had quitted the City at the Time of the Inſurrection of the People, have been fin'd 30000 Livres, and baniſhed for ten Years into the Romagna. A Ship is arriv'd here from Corſica, having ſeveral Ladies on Board, who have thought proper to leave that Iſland on Occaſion of the Diſturbances which the Malecontents have begun again to excite there.

Milan, July 12, *O. S.* We have had Rejoicing here for the Victory on the 8th. Count Brown is ſet out this Afternoon for Lodi, in order to advance with the Army towards Marſhal Belleiſle, who muſt be obliged to change his Meaſures ſince the Shock received under his Brother. On the other Hand there is a talk of reſuming the Siege of Genoa, and we are aſſured, that the Empreſs in a Reſcript to her Generals, exclaims againſt the Reſolution taken to abandon that Siege; adding "That ſhe could not have thought that her Officers would have been drawn into a Party ſo oppoſite to their Orders, and ſo contrary to the Honour of her Crown: And that, as the Glory of her Imperial Army required that the Genoeſe ſhould be brought back to their Duty, her Majeſty expreſsly commands the Enterprize to be reſumed at any Price, and puſh'd to the utmoſt, Meaſures being ſo taken in Germany, that the Army ſhall not want either Men or other Neceſſaries, to forward the good Succeſs of the Expedition."

Though the Engliſh Men of War are retir'd from before Genoa, we hear that they continue to cruize along the Coaſt under Neutral Colours, but that as ſoon as any Ships appear they hoiſt the Sardinian Flag; and by this Means they have taken and brought into Leghorn ſeveral Neapolitan Veſſels.

We were miſinformed when we mentioned the Return of General Schulemburg to Vienna: It was the Serjeant-Major of his Regiment only, who went to inform the Empreſs by Word of Mouth and Writing of what had paſſed, and we are told that General has Orders to remain in the Genoeſe State, where he has form'd a Cordon, extending from Torazzo to Seſtri; and preſerves the Eminences, not being willing to remove the Troops further without Orders from the Empreſs Queen, in order the more eaſily to renew the Siege on Occaſion.

This Day are publiſh'd,

Neatly printed in OCTAVO,

THE MAXIMS of GOVERNMENT: In an Advice to a Republic, ſhewing how it ought to govern itſelf in order to perpetuate its Dominion. In which are alſo conſider'd, the ſeveral Intereſts of all the Princes of Europe, with reſpect to the Affairs of Italy. By Father PAUL, Counſellor of State.

ESSAYS on ſeveral Moral Subjects. In Three Parts, viz. I. Upon Pride, Cloaths, Duelling, General Kindneſs, and the Weakneſs of Human Reaſon. II. Of Fame, Muſic, the Value of Life, the Spleen, Friendſhip and Popularity, a Thought, of the Entertainment of Books, Confidence, Envy, againſt Deſpair, of Covetouſneſs, Liberty, Old Age, and Pleaſure. III. Of Pain, Revenge, Authors, Power, Infancy and Youth, Riches and Poverty, Whoredom, Drunkenneſs, Uſury, Solitude, Diſcontent, and Gaming. By JEREMY COLLIER, M. A. The SIXTH EDITION.

Printed for G. STRAHAN, at the Golden-Ball, oppoſite the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

This Day is publiſh'd, Price 1 *s.*

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LIBERTY and RIGHT;

OR,

An ESSAY, Hiſtorical and Political, on the CONSTITUTION and ADMINISTRATION of *Great-Britain.*

Humbly offer'd to the Conſideration of every Man, but more eſpecially to the Conſideration of the ELECTORS and FREEHOLDERS of Great Britain, and their REPRESENTATIVES in Parliament.

Ut enim tutela ſic procuratio Republicæ, ad utilitatem eorum qui commiſſi ſunt, non ad eorum quibus commiſſa eſt, gerenda eſt. CIC.

Qui autem parti civium conſulant, partem negligunt, rem perniciosiſſimam in civitatem inducunt, ſeditione atque diſcordiam; ex quo evenit, ut alii populares, alii ſtudioſi optimi cujuſque, videantur; pauci universorum. *Idem.*

Sold by J. ROBINSON in Ludgate-Street, and G. STRAHAN at the Golden-Ball, oppoſite to the Royal Exchange; alſo at all the Bookſellers and Pamphlet-Shops in London and Weſtminſter.

Where may be had, Part I.

N. B. The above is enter'd in Stationers-Hall.

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ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have already injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revived and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with ones ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Cabaliſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia, concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

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Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

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The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the above-ſaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Rateliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolufles, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s. 6 d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son in Law, Mr Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreame and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only appolite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio sui, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the most stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and prisline Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness be is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Disease is entirely extirpated or not. Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post paid.

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CONTINUES, to Sell, in the same Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

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The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived to the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without any sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, does once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings-out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearance they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enen the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, (so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels; which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other, almost innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Crose-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

CONFECTIO POTENTISSIMA.

Or, The most *Powerful Restorative Confect* in Nature For Impotency in *Men* and Barrenness in *Women*,

IS delightful to the Palate, most agreeable and cordial to the Stomach, enriches the Blood, encreases the Spirits, invigorates the Nerves, and perfectly renovates all the Animal Faculties, and generative Powers, in both Sexes, to such a Degree, as Words can scarcely express; and yet acts not only by a stimulating Quality, or blowing up a Flame, but by adding a true Pabulum Amoris, a kindly Fuel, by which Nature is in a Manner regenerated, and so much Strength, Vigour, and Ability, immediately given, that Impotency, and every Kind of Weakness, or Imbecility in the Male Sex, and Barrenness, and all Sorts of Weakness, and Inappetency to conjugal Rites in the Female Sex, are most infallibly and directly cured by it, in a very pleasant and highly agreeable Manner, infinitely beyond what any other Remedy can accomplish. Decays of every Kind in either Sex, and all Seminal Weaknesses, however occasioned, it almost instantly cures, when nothing else will, and can be had only, by the Author's Appointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the two Blue Posts, in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories, London, at five Shillings a Pot, with printed Directions at large.

PARALYTICON SEU ANIMA NERVORUM.

A stupendous Chymical Essence which infallibly cures the PALSY and all other Nervous Diseases.

THE very first Dose of it (a few Drops only) instantly penetrates the inmost Recesses of the minutest Nerves, and darting almost as quick as Lightning through the whole human System, distributes kindly Warmth and genial Comfort to the weaken'd Limbs, and all Parts of the Body, and affords immediate sensible Relief in the most obstinate Palsy, and all Paralytick Affects, Shaking, Trembling, Numbness, Deadness, and Weakness, whether universal, or of particular Parts only, or whether lately contracted, or of many Years Continuance.

And as the very first Dose makes an apparent demonstrible Amendment, so the continuing it for a short Time, as surely accomplishes a perfect Cure, not only of the most grievous Palsy or Resolution of the Sinews, but also of their Cramp-like Contractions, shrinking of the Nerves, and all other nervous Complaints whatever, and that in Persons of either Sex, or of any Age, and whether occasioned by preceeding Illnesses, fast Living, hard Drinking, long Courses of Physick, great Colds, or excessive Fatigues either of Mind or Body.

Words cannot sufficiently express the uncommon, the unparalleled Efficacy of this great Medicine, as all who take it, frankly acknowledge, and its vastly superior Excellency to all other Remedies, may be more securely rely'd on, for the absolute Cure of the Palsy, and all Paralytick Affects, and Nervous Indispositions, than the celebrated Cortex is for Intermittents.

It rectifies all Disorders of the first Passages, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, enriches the Blood, restores the native Vigour and steady Use of the Limbs, and strengthens the enfeebled Joints, Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments, and whole Habit to an immense Degree. It is also very pleasant to take, is comforting and cordial to the Stomach and Bowels, and for Safety might be given to the young Infant. It is to be had only, by the Author's Appointment, at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with printed Directions at large.

LONG-ACRE.

WHERE, The Famous ANODYNE NECKLACES, and Other Remedies, are REMOVED TO, from Temple-Bar) — Not being so NEAR to Many Persons, as the Royal Exchange,—Is the Reason, That (for this Convenience of NEARNESS) They Go to the late Mr. Bradshaw's Shop, Behind the CHANGE, for them, Because They Used to be Sold There.

Where (Of Late) the MAN OF THE SHOP, has Things MADE UP, and Sells in IMITATION of them.

Which has made the Author, (With very good Reason) Since Oct. 1746, to have Taken his OWN RIGHT Anodyne Necklaces, And All His Other Remedies, Quite Away From

A Shop, that WILL DO SUCH THINGS.

Because, By such Doings, A Mother Thinks All the While That She Has the ANODYNE NECKLACE for her Child Prepared Still by the same Original Author, as Formerly, When She has NOT. A Fine Credit to a Shop! Of Which,

MERCHANTS, and Others, Upon CHANGE (and DEALERS in the COUNTRY) are Desired to Take Particular Notice.——Therefore,

To Remedy this Difficulty of DISTANCE,

If Any Person Distant from LONG ACRE, Will but Direct the Least Note, by the Post, Or Otherwise,

To Mr. BURCHELL, At the

ANODYNE NECKLACE,

In LONG-ACRE, Next Drury-Lane, London,

He will Immediately Send to them, CARRIAGE FREE,

A RIGHT ANODYNE NECKLACE, Or Any of the Author's Other Remedies, so Privately Sealed Up, that,

No Messenger may Know What it is. And, By Which most EASY Way, You will PRESENTLY Have Them

Whoever then, may have Unwarily Bought One of Those OTHER Necklaces, is most Earnestly Desired to Bring it,

To Mr. BURCHELL, in LONG ACRE,

(Who Sells no COUNTERFEITS, which Beware of)

And, He will Freely Open one of the Right ANODYNE NECKLACES (Or Any of His Other Remedies) to them, To Compare with the Author's, and Shew them the WIDE Difference between the Author's RIGHT Remedies and the Man of the Shop's Made Up Things, behind the Royal Exchange,

And will make their Coming worth their While to Them.

In LONG-ACRE, Are GIVEN GRATIS,

THE New SHORT-HAND, The Easiest and Soonest to Learn of Any. The 200 Years Travels of A SHILLING, with CUTS, &c. And, The Treatise on SQUEEZING the HAND, Plainly Shewing it to be

DUMB LANGUAGE, For, I LIKE YOU.

And, The Treatise on Secret Cases, &c.

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